



Q3® Weed & Feed

2,4-D QUINCLORAC DICAMBA	GROUP	4	HERBICIDE
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non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; 3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other areas by cleaning equipment.

- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or pest control advisor for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific types of turf and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, call 877-800-5556.

3. Use Restrictions:

- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. Do not enter or allow people (or pets) to enter the treated area until dusts have settled.
- Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed or for research purposes.
- Award Turf Fertilizer Q3® Weed & Feed is not sold, distributed, or registered within the state of New York. Do not use in the state of New York.
- Do not apply more than 4.5 lbs product/1,000 sq.ft. (1.31 lb 2,4-D ae, 0.12 lb dicamba ae, and 0.57 lb quinclorac per acre) per application.
- Do not apply more than 9.0 lbs product/1,000 sq.ft. (2.62 lb 2,4-D ae, 0.24 lb dicamba ae, and 1.14 lb quinclorac per acre) per year.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications per year with at least 21 days between applications.

4. Where To Use

Award Turf Fertilizer Q3® Weed & Feed may be used on the following established turf species:

Established Cool Season Turfgrass: Kentucky bluegrass, annual bluegrass (Poa annua), rough bluegrass (Poa trivialis), perennial ryegrass, fine fescues, tall fescue

Established Warm Season Turfgrass: Bermudagrass, buffalograss, seashore paspalum, zoysiagrass

Award Turf Fertilizer Q3® Weed & Feed may NOT be used on: bahiagrass, bentgrass, carpetgrass, centipedegrass, dichondra, St. Augustinegrass. Do not use this product on turfgrass where desirable clovers are present.

Award Turf Fertilizer Q3® Weed & Feed may be used on warm-season and cool-season turfgrass in 4 use sites.

- **Residential/domestic sites** are defined as areas associated with the household or home life including, but not limited to apartment complexes, condominiums, and patient care areas of nursing homes, mental institutions, hospitals, or convalescent homes.
- **Ornamental sites** include turfgrass established around residences, parks, streets, retail outlets, cemeteries, industrial and institutional buildings, recreation areas, fairgrounds, areas adjacent to athletic fields and paved areas.
- **Institutional sites** are defined as turf areas around properties or facilities providing a service to public or private organizations including, but not limited to hospitals, nursing homes, schools, museums, libraries, sport facilities, golf courses (fairways and roughs only), and office buildings.
- **Non-cropland sites** include highway rights-of-way (principal, interstate, county, private, and unpaved roads); roadsides, roadside ditches, road shoulders, road embankments, dividers and medians; municipal, state and federal lands; airports and military installations.

Guidelines to follow: The use of Award Turf Fertilizer Q3® Weed & Feed on lawns and ornamental turfgrasses that are not well established, or have been weakened by stress due to mechanical operations, chemical injury, disease, insects, pests, excessive temperatures, or lack of moisture may increase the chances for turfgrass injury. Allow turfgrass weakened by these stresses to recover before application of this product.

**Distributed and Guaranteed by
Eau Claire Co-op Oil Co.
P.O. Box 837, Eau Claire, WI 54702
www.ecgrow.com**

Net Wt. 50 lbs. (22.7 kg)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

All loaders, applicators, and other handlers must wear: • long-sleeved shirt and long pants, • shoes plus socks, and • chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, natural rubber ≥ 14 mils, poly-ethylene, polyvinyl chloride ≥ 14 mils, or Viton ≥ 14 mils.

User Safety Requirements

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. If pesticide gets on skin, wash immediately with soap and water.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid

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| If in eyes: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
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Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For additional information in case of emergency, call toll free 1-877-800-5556.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Sweeping any product that lands on a driveway, sidewalk, or street, back onto the treated area of the lawn or garden will help to prevent run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

2,4-D and dicamba have properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of these chemicals in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

1. Product Description

Award Turf Fertilizer Q3® Weed & Feed is formulated to feed your lawn and control listed annual grasses and broad-leaf weeds commonly found in home lawns. The product contains a lawn fertilizer and three different herbicides.

- The three herbicides combine to kill many different kinds of weeds.
- Grass weeds: Postemergent control of crabgrass, foxtails, and other annual grass weeds.
- Broadleaf weeds: Postemergent control of broadleaf weeds including dandelion, chickweed, thistle and clover.

2. Weed Resistance Management

For resistance management, this product contains Group 4 herbicides. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to this product and other Group 4 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same area. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of this product or other Group 4 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or pest control advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use, and that considers mechanical control methods, cultural (e.g., timing to favor the turf and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: 1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; 2) a spreading patch of

See back panel for complete Directions for Use, including Storage and Disposal.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

2,4-D acid	0.675%
Dicamba acid.....	0.060%
Quinclorac	0.294%

OTHER INGREDIENTS:	98.971%
TOTAL	100.000%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

- 13.50 lb 2,4-D acid per ton (CAS 94-75-7)
 - 1.20 lb dicamba acid per ton (CAS 1918-00-9)
 - 5.88 lb quinclorac per ton (CAS 84087-01-4)
- Isomer Specific By AOAC Methods.

EPA Reg. No. 2217-992-57131

EPA Est. No. 57131-WI-1

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

STOP! READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

WEEDS CONTROLLED			
When applied as directed, this product will control and/or suppress* the following weeds:			
Annual Grass Weeds:			
Barnyardgrass*	Crabgrass (smooth, southern, large)	Foxtail (green, yellow, giant)	
* for acceptable control of barnyardgrass two applications made at a 6 to 10 week interval are needed			
Broadleaf Weeds:			
Amaranth, purple	(creeping charlie)	Mugwort	Speedwell, common
Amaranth, slender	Cupid shaving Brush	Mustard, ball	Speedwell, corn
Amaranth, spiny	Cudweed	Mustard, black	Speedwell, ivyleaf
Aster, heath	Daisy, English	Mustard, blue	Speedwell, Persian
Aster, white heath	Daisy, oxeye	Mustard, hedge	Speedwell, purslane
Aster, purple	Dandelion, common	Mustard, Indian	Speedwell, slender
Aster, white prairie	Day flower	Mustard, tansy	Speedwell, snow
Aster, wild	Deadnettle	Mustard, tumble	Speedwell, thymeleaf
Artichoke	Dichondra	Mustard, white	Spurge, spotted
Austrian fieldcress	Dock, broadleaf	Mustard, wormseed	Spurge, prostrate
Bedstraw, Catchweed	Dock, curly	Nettle, stinging	Star of Bethlehem
Bedstraw, smooth	Dock, smooth	(burning)	Strawberry, India mock
Bedstraw, Northern	Dogbane	Nettle, tall	Tansy ragwort
Bedstraw, pineywoods	Dogfennel	Nettle, wood	Nettle, wood
Beggarticks, hairy	Dollarweed	Parsley-piert	Thistle, blessed
Betony, Florida	(Pennywort)	Parsnip	Thistle, bull
Bindweed, Field	Dove weed	Pearwort	Thistle, Canada
Bindweed, Hedge	Elderberry	Pennycross	Thistle, floodman
Bitter Wintercress	Falselax	(frenchweed)	(prairie)
Bittercress, hairy	False sunflower	Pepperweed,	Thistle, musk
Bitterweed	Fiddleneck	perennial	Thistle, platte
Black-eyed Susan	Filaree, redstem	Pepperweed, Virginia	Thistle, plumeless
Black Medic	Filaree, whitestem	(Peppergrass)	Thistle, Russian
Blood flower milkweed	Fleabane, daisy	Pigweed, prostrate	Thistle, scotch
Blue lettuce	(annual)	Pigweed, redroot	Thistle, wavyleaf
Brassbuttons	Fleabane, hairy	Pigweed, Russian	Thistle, yellow (horrible)
Bristly oxtongue	Fleabane, rough	Pigweed, smooth	Trailing crownvetch
Broomweed	Galinsoga, hairy	Pigweed, tumble	Velvetleaf
Bullnettle	Galinsoga, smallflower	Pineapple weed	Vervain, blue
Burclover	Goldenrod	Plains coreopsis	Vervain, hoary
Burdock	Ground ivy	(tickseed)	Vervain, prostrate
Burweed, lawn (spurweed)	Groundsel	Plantain, blackseed	Vervain, tall
Buttercup, bulbous	Gumweed	Plantain, bracted	Vetch, bird
Buttercup, creeping	Hawkweed, meadow	Plantain, broadleaf	Vetch, hairy
Buttonweed, common	Hawkweed, mouseear	Plantain, buckhorn	Vetch, milk
(poorjoe)	Hawkweed, orange	Plantain, hoary	Vetch, narrowleaf
Buttonweed, Virginia	Hawkweed, yellow	Plantain, narrowleaf	Vetch, wild
Carolina geranium (wild)	Healall	Plantain, slender	Virginia creeper
Carpetweed	Heartleaf drymary	Plantain, woolly	Wild sweet potato
Catnip	Hemp	Poison ivy	Wild violet
Catsear, spotted (false dandelion)	Henbit	Poison oak	Woodsorrel, creeping
Chamber bitter	Hoary cress	Pokeweed	Woodsorrel, violet
Chickweed, common	Horsenettle	Prairie Sunflower	Woodsorrel, yellow
Chickweed, mouseear	Horseweed	Prickly lettuce	(Oxalis)
Chickweed, sticky	Jimsonweed	(compass plant)	Woolly croton
Chicory	Johnny-Jumpup violet	Prickly sida	Wormseed
Cinquefoil	Knawel	Puncturevine	Yarrow, common
Cinquefoil, rough	Kochia	Purslane, common	Yarrow, western
Clover, alyce	Lambsquarters	Pusley, Brazil	Yarrow, yellow
Clover, crimson	Morningglory, mexican	Pusley, Florida	
Clover, hop	Morningglory, red	Pusley, large flower	
Creeping Beggarweed	Morningglory, tall	Ragweed, bur	
Creeping Jenny	Morningglory, wolly	Ragweed, common	
		Speedwell, bi-lobed	
			Clover, red
			Clover, strawberry
			Clover, yellow sweet
			Clover, white sweet
			Clover, white
			Cockle
			Cocklebur
			Cocklebur, oriental
			Cocklebur, spiny
			Common mullein
			Corn Spurry
			Lespedeza
			Mallow, alkali
			Mallow, bristly
			Mallow, common
			Mallow, dwarf
			Mallow, venice
			Marcela
			Matchweed
			Mexicanweed
			Moneywort
			Morningglory, bigroot
			Morningglory, ivyleaf
			Ragweed, lanceleaf
			Ragweed, western
			Scarlet pimpernel
			Shepard's purse
			Smartweed,
			ladysthumb
			Smartweed, pale
			Smartweed,
			Pennsylvania
			Smooth chaff-flower
			Sorrel, red (sheep)
			Sowthistle, annual
			Sowthistle, spiny
			Spanish needles
			Wild sweet potato
			Wild violet
			Woodsorrel, creeping
			Woodsorrel, violet
			Woodsorrel, yellow
			(Oxalis)
			Woolly croton
			Wormseed
			Yarrow, common
			Yarrow, western
			Yarrow, yellow

5. When to Apply

This product may be applied in the spring, early summer, or fall. Do not apply more than 2 applications per year with at least 21 days between applications.

CRABGRASS (large and smooth):

• **Spring:** For the best results, apply this product from crabgrass emergence until the 6 leaf stage (2 tillers) or before the crabgrass is 3 to 4 inches in height. Generally, this period begins or corresponds to the first time that you can see crabgrass in your lawn.

FOXTAIL (GREEN, GIANT AND YELLOW):

• **Spring and early summer:** For the best results, apply this product to foxtail during the early growth stages or when foxtail is 1 to 4 inches in height.

BROADLEAF WEEDS:

• **Spring:** Apply when **dandelion, plantain, buttercup, speedwell, knotweed** and other broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture and favorable temperatures (50° to 80°F) for best results.

• **Fall:** Apply when **henbit, chickweed, white clover, ground ivy, lawn burweed** and other broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture and favorable temperatures (50° to 80°F) for best results.

6. How To Apply

- This product needs to stick to the leaves of broadleaf weeds and should be applied when the grass is wet from dew or rain.
- Poor results will occur if applied to dry lawns. When dry conditions exist, irrigate the turfgrass 24 hours before application.
- For best results, irrigate after the application. However do not irrigate sooner than 24 hours after application.
- Apply this product when the wind is calm.
- Do not spread granules onto flowers, vegetables, and ornamental shrubbery.
- Turf species listed on this label can be seeded, sodded, sprigged, or plugged into the treated areas 4 weeks after the application of this product.
- When treating newly planted areas, wait approximately 6 weeks after seedling emergence before applying this product.
- Delay mowing 2 days before and until 3 days after the application of this product. Additional stress from low mowing heights may increase the possibility of turf injury.
- Clippings from the first three mowings should be left on the treated area. Do not use clippings from the treated areas as mulch or compost around flowers, ornamentals, trees, or in vegetable gardens.

7. How Much To Use

Use a drop or rotary spreader designed to apply granular fertilizers. Avoid skips or excessive overlaps as poor weed control or turfgrass injury may result.

Apply 2.4 to 4.5 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per application to established turfgrass.

The maximum broadcast application rate is 4.5 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per application (1.31 lb 2,4-D ae, 0.12 lb dicamba ae, and 0.57 lb quinclorac per acre per application). The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 21 days between applications. The maximum annual rate is 9 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. (2.62 lb 2,4-D ae, 0.24 lb dicamba ae, and 1.14 lb quinclorac per acre).

8. Spreader Settings

A uniform broadcast distribution of product on the treated area is essential. The listed spreader settings are approximate. The age and condition of spreader, speed of operation and evenness of terrain may require slightly different settings for desired coverage. Never apply by hand.

SPREADER CALIBRATIONS AND PATTERNS:

Drop spreaders and rotary spreaders should be calibrated for uniform application of this product.

- For 4.5 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass: Check your spreader on 220 square feet and adjust to apply at the rate of 1 pound of product per 220 square feet.
- For 3.6 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass: Check your spreader on 275 square feet and adjust to apply at the rate of 1 pound of product per 275 square feet.
- For 2.4 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass: Check your spreader on 420 square feet and adjust to apply at the rate of 1 pound of product per 420 square feet.

Choose one of these application or distribution patterns:

- 1. Single Pass** - Always apply Award Turf Fertilizer Q3 Weed & Feed with a properly calibrated rotary or drop type fertilizer spreader. NEVER APPLY BY HAND. To avoid gaps or streaks, first spread border of lawn. Fill in center with uniform, parallel passes. Spreader settings are approximate. Be sure to check spreader before beginning, adjusting if necessary.
- 2. Double Pass** - Reduce the application rate by one-half of the specified rate, calibrate the spreader, and adjust the settings for the desired application rate. Operate the spreader over the lawn two (2) times. Close the spreader openings when turning to change directions or when stopping.
- 3. Cross Hatching** - Reduce the application rate by one-half of the specified rate, calibrate the spreader, and adjust the settings for the desired application rate. Operate the spreader over the lawn two (2) times. For the second trip, operate the spreader perpendicular to the wheel tracks or the spreader pattern of the first trip. Close the spreader opening when turning to change directions or when stopping.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep in original container in a cool, dry area, away from extreme heat and cold.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

PAPER AND PLASTIC BAGS

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration or other procedures approved by State and local authorities.

Keep this product off sidewalks, patios, driveways, etc. This fertilizer may stain concrete and painted surfaces. If it comes in contact with concrete surfaces, sweep off immediately before flushing with water. If concrete is wet when contact occurs, staining may be impossible to prevent. Be careful when using rotary spreaders which scatter fertilizer beyond lawn edge and onto concrete.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

FOR USE ONLY AS DIRECTED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO CASE SHALL THE MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. If these terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full. The terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements at the point of sale or elsewhere.

Q3® is a registered trademark of PBI/Gordon Corporation.

	Pounds Per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	
SPREADERS	3.0	4.0
Lesco Rotary	H-J	J 1/2
Spyker 24	4	4.5
Scott's R8	K	L
AccuPro	K-L	M
Earthway 2400 Rotary	15.5	17
Lely Broadcast	3.75	6.25